## Criteria for Pub Relief (and a note on State Aid)

The following is an extract from the government's guidance on Pub Relief, which was included in the Department for Communities and Local Government's Business Rates Information Letter 4/17 (www.gov.uk/government/publications/42017-spring-budget-update).

## 3. Pub Relief eligibility criteria - which properties should benefit

- 3.1 This section describes in principle the Pubs Relief Scheme. Local authorities should use this section to determine eligibility for the relief. The scheme will be available to eligible occupied properties with a rateable value of less than £100,000. The majority of pubs are independently owned or managed and will not be part of chains. Where pubs are part of a chain, relief will be available for each eligible property in the chain, subject to meeting State Aid requirements (see section 5 of this guidance).
- 3.2 There is no definitive description of a traditional pub or public house in law which could be readily used by local authorities to determine eligibility. The objective has been to adopt an approach that makes the design and eligibility of the scheme easy to implement by local authorities in a clear and consistent way, is widely accepted by the industry and which is consistent with the Government's policy intention as set out in this section.
- 3.3 The Government's policy intention is that eligible pubs should:
  - be open to the general public
  - allow free entry other than when occasional entertainment is provided
  - · allow drinking without requiring food to be consumed
  - permit drinks to be purchased at a bar.

For these purposes, it should exclude:

- restaurants
- cafes
- nightclubs
- hotels
- snack bars
- questhouses
- boarding houses
- sporting venues
- music venues
- festival sites
- theatres
- museums
- exhibition halls
- cinemas
- concert halls
- casinos

- 3.4 The proposed exclusions in the list at para 3.3 is not intended to be exhaustive and it will be for the local authority to determine those cases where eligibility is unclear. We believe that billing authorities will already have a good understanding of the licensed premises in their areas and will be able to readily form a view on eligibility in the majority of cases. We expect local authorities to design the implementation of the scheme with regard to their business rates base and existing collection practices.
- 3.5 Where eligibility is unclear authorities should also consider broader factors in their considerations i.e., in meeting the stated intent of policy that it demonstrates the characteristics that would lead it to be classified as a pub, for example being owned and operated by a brewery. Additionally, local authorities may also wish to consider other methods of classification, such as the planning system and the use classes order to help them decide whether a property is a pub or not. However, permission for a particular use class will not necessarily mean that the property meets the definition of a pub.

## **Note on State Aid**

State Aid law is the means by which the European Union regulates state funded support to businesses. Providing discretionary relief to ratepayers is likely to amount to State Aid.

The De Minimis Regulations allow an undertaking to receive up to €200,000 of De Minimis aid in a rolling three year period (consisting of the current financial year and the two previous financial years). Local authorities should familiarise themselves with the terms of this State Aid exemption, in particular the types of undertaking that are excluded from receiving De Minimis aid (Article 1), the relevant definition of undertaking (Article 2(2)) and the requirement to convert the aid into Euros . They should ensure each business has not exceeded its threshold through all sources of state funding.

To administer De Minimis it is necessary for the local authority to establish that the award of aid will not result in the undertaking having received more than €200,000 of De Minimis aid. Note that the threshold only relates to aid provided under the De Minimis Regulations (aid under other exemptions or outside the scope of State Aid is not relevant to the De Minimis calculation). Where local authorities have further questions about De Minimis or other aspects of State Aid law, they should seek advice from their legal department in the first instance.